ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS F.Y. 2015-16 GODAWARI GREEN ENERGY LIMITED RAIPUR (C.G.)

OPSinghania & Co.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
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Independent Auditor's Report To the Members of Godawari Green Energy Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Godawari Green Energy Limited ("the Company") which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2016, the statement of profit and loss, the cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act,2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and Accounting Standard 30, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India to the extent it does not contradict any other accounting standard referred to in section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that Standards with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable desurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India,

- (i) in the case of the balance sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2016;
- (ii) in the case of the statement of profit and loss, of the profit for the year ended on that date; and
- (iii) in the case of the cash flow statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure-B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b. in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. in our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 the he Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;

- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2016 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2016 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure A.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - (iii) There has been no amount, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For **OPSinghania & Co.** (ICAI Firm Regn. No.002172C) Chartered Accountants

per Sanjay Singhania

Partner V Membership No.076961

Raipur, 7th May, 2016

Re: GODAWARI GREEN ENERGY LIMITED

Referred to in paragraph 2(f) of Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of our report of even date,

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act.

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Godawari Green Energy Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2016 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit existence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2016, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **OPSinghania & Co.** (ICAI Firm Regn. No.002172C) Chartered **Accountants**

per Sanjay Singhania Partner

Membership No.076961

Raipur, 7th May, 2016

Re: GODAWARI GREEN ENERGY LIMITED

Referred to in paragraph 1 of Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of our report of even date,

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) As explained to us, the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals, which, in our opinion, is reasonable, looking to the size of the company and the nature of its business. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The title deeds of immovable properties, as disclosed in Note 9 on fixed assets to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) As explained to us, the physical verification of inventories have been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of the verification is reasonable. The discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records were not material and have been properly dealt with in the books of account.
- (iii) The company has not granted any loans secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnership or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year, therefore, the provisions of (iii) (a) to (c) of clause 3 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are not applicable to the company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information & explanations given to us, the Company has compiled with the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the loans and investment made, and guarantees and security provided by it. The Company has not granted and loans and made any investments, or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any deposits from public within the meaning of section 73 to 76 of the Act and Rules framed there under to the extent notified; therefore the provisions of clause 3 (v) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are not applicable to the company.
- (vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of Company's products to which the said rules are made applicable and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records, have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the records.



According to the information & explanations given to us, during the year the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. According to the information & explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts of statutory dues as stated above were in arrears as at 31st March 2016 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, custom duty, excise duty, value added tax and cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to any financial institution or bank or Government as at the balance sheet date. The Company has not issued any debentures.
- (ix) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer, further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly the provisions of clause 3 (ix) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are not applicable to the company.
- (x) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (x) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are not applicable to the company.
- (xi) The Company has paid /provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provision of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (xii) As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are not applicable to the company.
- (xiii) The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Section 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Accounting Standard (AS) 18, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xiv) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are not applicable to the company.
- (xv) The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are not applicable to the company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xvi) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are not applicable to the company.

For **OPSinghania & Co.** (ICAI Firm Regn. No.002172C)

Chartered Accountants

per Sanjay Singhania Partner

Membership No.076961

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Raipur, 7th May, 2016

Godawari Green Energy Limited Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2016 31.03.2016 31.03.2015 Notes **Particulars** ₹ Shareholders' Funds 3 1,197,470,000 1,197,470,000 Share capital Reserves and surplus 4 1,231,406,138 1,205,275,278 2,402,745,278 2,428,876,138 Non-current liabilities Long-term Borrowings 5 4,922,699,207 5,450,262,080 Long-term provisions 6 1,134,012 1,389,365 4,923,833,219 5,451,651,445 **Current Liabilities** 7 Short-term borrowings 40,827,956 8 12,513,555 Trade Payables 4,729,042 Other current liabilities 8 439,614,098 521,495,206 Short-term provisions 6 28,375 395,373 485,199,471 534,404,134 **TOTAL** 7.837.908.828 8.388.800.857 Non-current assets **Fixed Assets** - Tangible assets 9 7,323,757,297 7,457,807,554 - Intangible Assets 10 5,457,939 6,185,665 1,104,825 - Capital Work in Progress 9,747,737 2,352,330 Long-term loans and advances 11 100,452,424 Other non current assets 12.2 2,903,780 2,698,469 7,568,248,937 7,344,219,084 **Current assets Inventories** 13 117,910,811 88,855,263 12.1 Trade Receivables 110,934,600 102,582,480 590,674,294 Cash & bank balances 14 233,314,474 24,529,003 Short-term loans and advances 11 27,776,879 Other current assets 12.2 3,752,980 13,910,880 820,551,920 493,689,745 8.388.800.857 **TOTAL** 7.837.908.828

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.

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Summary of significant accounting policies

As per our report of even date

For OPSinghania & CO.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Godawari Green Energy Limited

(Firm Reg. No.002172C) Chartered Accountants

per Sanjay Singhania

Partner
Membership No.076961

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Place: Raipur Date: 07.05.2016 Siddharth Agrawal Managing Director

Dinesh Gandhi
Executive Director & CFO

Niharika Verma
Company Secretary

Godawari Green Energy Limited Statement of Profit & Loss for the period ending on 31st March, 2016 31.03.2015 31.03.2016 1,038,768,268 1,031,851,315 15 Revenue from operations 23,245,366 32,189,279 16 Other Income 1,055,096,681 1,070,957,547 **TOTAL REVENUE** 52,135,937 68,642,278 Employees benefits expenses 17 161,227,445 18 56,498,232 Other Expenses 297,477,562 19 300,474,880 Depreciation and amortisation expenses 489,659,417 20 629,025,383 Finance costs 1,017,006,702 **TOTAL REVENUE** 1,038,134,432 32,823,115.06 38,089,979 Profit/ (loss) before tax Tax expenses 7,620,948 6,692,255 Current tax 7,620,948 6,692,255 Total tax expenses 26,130,860 30,469,031 Profit/(loss) for the year Earnings per equity share [nominal value of share 21 @ Rs.10/- (31st March,2015" Rs.10] 1.77 2.09 Basic 2.09 1.77 Diluted

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.

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Summary of significant accounting policies

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Godawari Green Energy Limited

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For, O P Singhania & CO.

(Firm Reg. No.0021720) Chartered Accountants,

per Sanjay singhania

Partner Membership No.076961

Place : Raipur Date : 07.05.2016 Siddharth Agrawal Managing Director Diresh Gandhi
Executive Director & CFO

Niharika Verma
Company Secretary

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2016

		2016	2015
		₹	₹
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Profit before tax		32,823,115	38,089,97
Non-cash adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows			
Depreciation/amortization		300,474,880	297,477,56
Provision for gratuity		(622,351)	740,20
Loss on sale of fixed assets		9,903	112,74
Interest Income		(31,522,029)	(22,222,46
Interest Expense		629,025,383	489,659,41
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES		930,188,901	803,857,44
Movements in working capital :			
increase/(decrease) in trade payable		(7,784,513)	(8,908,10
Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities		42,692,394	(1,629,23
Decrease/(increase) in long-term loans and advances		98,100,094	666,960,23
Decrease/(increase) in short-term loans and advances		(3,247,876)	(11,244,31
Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade receivable		(29,055,548)	(75,915,76
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivable Decrease/(increase) in other non current assets		(8,352,120)	(1,413,57
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets		(205,311)	1,822,95 (12,843,87
Cash generated from/(used in) operations		10,157,900 1,032,493,921	1,360,685,76
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds		(6,692,255)	(7,293,13
Net Cash flow from/(used in) operating activities	A	1,025,801,666	1,353,392,63
		1,020,001,000	1,000,002,00
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Purchase of fixed assets including Capital work-in-progress		(178,122,980)	(186,602,66
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		3,773,266	437,00
Investments in bank deposits (having original maturity of more than three months)		235,804,686	(367,024,38
Interest received		31,522,029	22,222,46
Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities	В	92,977,001	(530,967,58
An Chwrenigae Chegre (gr)	A CASE AND		
Proceeds from Share Capital			20,200,00
Proceeds / (Repayment) from long-term borrowings		(652,136,376)	(131,125,38
Proceeds / (Repayment) from short-term borrowings		40,827,956	(156,422,53
Interest Expense		(629,025,383)	(489,659,4
Net cash flow from/(used in) financing activities	C		
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)	· ·	(1,240,333,802)	(757,007,32
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year		(121,555,136)	65,417,72
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year		123,474,294	58,056,56
		1,919,160	123,474,29
Application for the first the content of a state popularity fields.			\$\$/YY***
ash in hand		76,463	106,23
alance With banks- on current account		1,842,698	7,221,44
		-	116,146,61
eposits with original maturity of less than 3 months		1,919,160	123,474,29

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For OPSinghania & CO.

(ICAI Firm Reg. No.0021/72C) Chartered Accountants

per Sanjay Singhania

Partner Membership No.076961

Place : Raipur Date : 07.05.2016 Many -

Siddharth Agrawal Managing Director

Liharile

Niharika Verma Company Secretary

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Godawari Green Energy Limited

Dinest Gandhi Executive Director & CFO

2016

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016

1. Corporate information

Godawari Green Energy Ltd. (the company) is a public limited company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act. The company is engaged in generation of electricity from 50 MW Solar Energy power plant at Nokh, Dist. Jaisalmer, Rajasthan.

2. Basis of preparation

- i) The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles under the historical cost convention, on going concern concept and in compliance with the accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- ii) The Company follows mercantile system of accounting and recognizes income and expenditure on an accrual basis except those with significant uncertainities.
- iii) The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Company are consistent with those used in the previous year.

2.1 Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities as on the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialised.

b) Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible Fixed Assets are stated at acquisition cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impirement losses, if any. Cost includes taxes, duties, freight, installation and other direct or allocated expenses upto the date of commencement of commercial production.

From accounting periods commencing on or after 7 December,2006, the company adjusts exchange differences arising on translation/settlement of long term foreign currency monetary items pertaining to the acquisition of a depreciable asset to the cost of the asset and depreciates the same over the remaining life of the asset.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of fixed assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

The various expenditure incurred during the construction stage and upto the date of commencement of commercial production for setting-up the relevant project-assets are grouped under the head "Pre-operative Expenditure" and allocated to related fixed assets on pro-rata basis upon completion of project and put to use.

c) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in the statement of profit and loss in the yer in which the expenditure is incurred.

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic life. The company uses a rebuttable presumption that the useful life of an intangible asset will not exceed ten years from the date when the asset is available for use. If the persuasive evidence exists to the affect that useful life of an intangible asset exceeds ten years, the company amortizes the intangible asset over the best estimate of its useful life. Such intangible assets and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. All other intangible assets are assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

The amortization period and the amortization method are reviewed at least at each financial year end. If the expected useful life of the asset is significantly different from previous estimates, the amortization period is changed accordingly. If there has been a significant change in the expected pattern of economic benefits from the asset, the amortization method is changed to reflect the changed pattern. Such changes are accounted for in accordance with AS 5 Net Profit or Loss for the Period, Prior Land items and Changes in Accounting Policies.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount to the asset are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016

Depreciation on tangible fixed assets and amortization of intangible assets

- Depreciation is provided on Straight Line Method based on estimated useful life of the assets which is same as envisaged in schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.
- Depreciation on fixed assets added/disposed off during the year is provided on pro-rata basis.
- Free-hold land and site & land development cost are not depreciated. Leasehold land is amortised annually on the basis of tenure of lease period.
- Intangible assets are amortized over technically useful life of the assets.

Inventories:

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value, after providing for obsolences, if any.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

i) Sale of Products

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the huver

Interest

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

g) Borrowing Cost

Interest and other costs in connection with the borrowing of the funds to the extent related/attributed to the acquisition/construction of fixed assets are capitalized only with respect to qualifying fixed assets i.e. those which take substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue.

h) Contingent Liabilities

Liabilities which are material and whose future outcome cannot be reasonably ascertained are treated as contingent and not provided for and disclosed by way of notes to the accounts.

Taxes on Income

Current Taxes are accounted based on provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961. Deferred Taxes are not recognised for those timing differences which reverse in tax holiday period.

Foreign Currency Transactions

- Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying the exchange rate prevailing as on the date of transaction.
- Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the year end are restated at year end rates. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominating in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of transaction and non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates that existed when the values are determined.

Exchange differences

The company accounts for exchange differences arising on translation/ settlement of foreign currency monetary items as below:

1 Exchange differences arising on long-term foreign currency monetary items related to acquisition of a fixed asset are capitalised and depreciated over the remaining useful life of the asset. For this purpose, the company treats a foreign monetary item as "long-term foreign currency monetary item", if it has a term of 12 months or more at the date of its origination.

2 Exchange differences arising on other long-term foreign currency monetary items are accumilated in the "Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account" and amortized over the remaining life of the concerned monetary item. SINGHAN

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016

3 All other exchange differences are recognized as income or as expenses in the period in which they arise.

For the purpose of 2 and 3 above, the company treats a foreign monetary item as "long-term foreign currency monetary item", if it has a term of 12 months or more at the date of its origination. In accordance with MCA circular dated 09 August 2012, exchange differences for this purpose, are total differences arising on long-term foreign currency monetary items for the period. In other words, the company does not differentiate between exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost and other exchange difference.

- iv) All loans and deferred credits repayable in foreign currency and outstanding at the close of the year are expressed in Indian currency at the appropriate rates of exchange prevailing as on the date of the balance sheet, except in cases where these borrowings are covered by forward exchange contracts. Any increase or reduction in these liabilities are booked to revenue.
- v) In respect of transactions covered by Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts, the difference between the forward rate and exchange rate at the inception of contract is recognized as income or expenses over the life of the contract.

k) Derivatives Transactions

The company uses derivative financial instruments, such as, foreign currency forward contracts to hedge foreign currency risk arising from future transactions in respect of which firm commitments are made or which are highly probable forecast transactions. It also uses interest rate swaps to hedge interest rate risk arising from variable rate loans. The company designates these forward contracts and interest rate swaps in a hedging relationship by applying the hedge accounting principles of AS 30 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

I) Retirement and other Employee Benefits

- i) Retirement benefits in the form of Provident Fund is a defined contribution scheme and the contributions are charged to statement of profit and loss of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due. There are no other obligations other than the contributions payable to the respective funds.
- ii) Gratuity Liability is defined benefit obligations and are provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation on projected unit credit method made at the end of each financial year.
- Value of encashable leave are encashed during the year and charged to the statement of Profit & Loss.
- iv) Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised, where the company has any legal or constructive obligation or where realiable estimate can be made for the amount of the obligation and as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

n) Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that any asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the carrying value of such assets is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount and the amount of such impairment loss is charged to statement of profit & loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, then such loss is reversed and the asset is restated to that effect.

o) Cash and Cash equivalents

Cash and Cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

p) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for events of bonus issue; bonus element in a right issue to existing shareholders.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.



Godawari Green Energy Limited Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016 31.03.2016 31.03.2015 ₹ 3. Share capital Authorised shares 25000000 Equity Share of Rs.10/- each 250,000,000 250,000,000 11600000 Preference Shares of Rs.100/- each 1.160.000.000 1,160,000,000 1.410.000.000 1,410,000,000 Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares 14747000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid-up 147,470,000 147,470,000 10500000 9% Optionally Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs.100/- Each fully paid-up

1,050,000,000

1,197,470,000

,050,000,000

1,197,470,000

a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Equity shares

	31.03.	2016_	31.03	.2015
At the beginning of the period Issued during the period	No. 14,747,000	₹ 147,470,000	No. 14,747,000	₹ 147,470,000
Outstanding at the end of the period Preference Shrares	14,747,000	147,470,000	14,747,000	147,470,000
At the beginning of the period Issued during the period Outstanding at the end of the period	10,500,000	1,050,000,000	10,500,000	1,050,000,000
Outstanding at the end of the period	10,500,000	1,050,000,000	10,500,000	1,050,000,000

b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of the equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribtion of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Terms/rights attached to preference shares

The 9% optionally convertible cumulative preference shares of Rs.100/- each shall be convertible into one equity share of Rs.10/- each @ share premium of Rs.90/- each at the option of the investor at any time after the expiry of 1 year from the date of the commercial operation of the 50 MW Solar Thermal project but before the expiry of 15 years from the date of allotment.

Date of Allotment	no. of Shares
29.09.2012	4000000
08.02.2013	1600000
26.03.2013	4000000
27.05.2013	900000
Total	10500000

The 9% optionally convertible cumulative preference shares of Rs.100/- shall rank in priority to the equity shares with respect to the dividend rights and winding up rights. The voting rights of the preference shares shall be in accordance with section 47 of the companies act 2013.

d. Shares of the company held by holding company

Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company are as below:

Equity shares of `10/- each fully paid	31.03.2016 ₹	31.03.2015 ₹
14747000 (14545000) nos. of shares held by Godawari Power & Ispat Limited, Holding Company Preference Shares of `100/- each fully paid 4900000 (4900000) nos. 9% Optionally Convertiable Cumulative Preference Shares held by	147,470,000	147,470,000
Godawari Power & Ispat Limited, Holding company	490,000,000 637,470,000	490,000,000 637,470,000

e. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company:

		31.03	2.2015
No.	% of holding in the class	No.	% of holding in the class
14,747,000	100.00	14,747,000	100.00
14,747,000 eares of Rs.100 each F	ully Paid	14,747,000	100.00
5,600,000 4,900,000	53.33 46.67	5,600,000 4,900,000	53.33 46.67 100.00
	No. 14,747,000 14,747,000 aires of Rs.100 each F. 5,600,000	31.03.2016 No. % of holding in the class 14,747,000 100.00 14,747,000 100.00 ares of Rs. 100 each Fully Paid 5,600,000 53.33 4,900,000 46.67	No. % of holding in the class 14,747,000 100.00 14,747,000 14,747,000 100.00 14,747,000 ares of Rs.100 each Fully Paid 5,600,000 4,900,000 46.67 4,900,000



Godawari Green Energy Limited Notes to financial statements for the year	ended 31st March, 2016			<u> </u>
I. Reserves and Surplus				,
•			31.03.2016 ₹	31.03.2015
Securities Premium Reserve		•		! ₹
Balance as per last financial statements Addition during the period			1,322,730,000	1,304,550,000 18,180,000
			1,322,730,000	1,322,730,000
Surplus/(deficit) in the statement of profit	and loss			
Balance as per last financial statements Profit/(Loss) for the year			(117,454,722)	(147,831,779
Adjustment related to fixed assets as per tran	seitional provision of Cahadul	الـم	26,130,860	30,469,031
Net surplus/(deficit) in the etatement of ne	refit and tax-	G-11	<u> </u>	(91.974
Net surplus/(deficit) in the statement of pr	ofit and loss		(91,323,862)	(91,974 (117,454,722
Total reserves and surplus	ofit and loss	-	(91,323,862) 1,231,406,138	(117,454,722
Total reserves and surplus	ofit and loss	-		(117,454,722
Total reserves and surplus	ofit and loss Non-curre	ent portion	1,231,406,138	(117,454,722 1,205,275,278
Net surplus/(deficit) in the statement of pr	ofit and loss			(91,974 (117,454,722 1,205,275,278 urities 31.03.2015
Total reserves and surplus Long-term borrowings	Non-curre	ent portion 31.03.2015	1,231,406,138 Current mat 31.03.2016	(117,454,722 1,205,275,278 urities 31.03.2015
Total reserves and surplus Long-term borrowings Term Loans	ofit and loss Non-curre 31.03.2016	ent portion 31.03.2015 ₹	1,231,406,138 Current mat 31.03.2016 ₹	(117,454,722 1,205,275,278 urities 31.03.2015 ₹
Total reserves and surplus Long-term borrowings Term Loans Indian rupee loan from banks The above amount includes	Non-curre 31.03.2016 ₹ 4,922,699,207	ent portion 31.03.2015 ₹ 5,450,262,080	1,231,406,138 Current mat 31.03.2016 ₹ 373,542,498	(117,454,722 1,205,275,278 urities 31.03,2015 ₹ 498,116,000
Total reserves and surplus Long-term borrowings Term Loans Indian rupee loan from banks The above amount includes Secured borrowings	Non-curre 31.03.2016 ₹ 4,922,699,207	ent portion 31.03.2015 ₹ 5,450,262,080	1,231,406,138 Current mat 31.03.2016 ₹ 373,542,498 373,542,498	(117,454,722 1,205,275,278 urities 31.03.2015 ₹ 498,116,000
Total reserves and surplus Long-term borrowings Term Loans Indian rupee loan from banks The above amount includes Secured borrowings Unsecured borrowings	Non-curre 31.03.2016 ₹ 4,922,699,207	ent portion 31.03.2015 ₹ 5,450,262,080 5,450,262,080	1,231,406,138 Current mat 31.03.2016 ₹ 373,542,498	(117,454,722 1,205,275,278 uritles 31.03.2015 ₹ 498,116,000
Total reserves and surplus Long-term borrowings Term Loans Indian rupee loan from banks The above amount includes Secured borrowings	Non-curre 31.03.2016 ₹ 4,922,699,207	ent portion 31.03.2015 ₹ 5,450,262,080 5,450,262,080	1,231,406,138 Current mat 31.03.2016 ₹ 373,542,498 373,542,498	(117,454,722 1,205,275,278 urities 31.03.2015 ₹ 498,116,000

- a. Indian rupee term loan from Banks is availed under consortium arrangement. The loan is repayable in 48 Quarterly instalments commencing from 01.10.2014. The loan is secured by first pari passu charge on all immovable properties of the company, both present and future and hypothecation of all tangible movable assets, book debts, receivables, all bank accounts including the Escrow/ Trust & retention a/c, debt service reserve a/c etc. and all intangible including, goodwill, uncalled capital, rights, undertakings etc. of the company, both present and future. The loan is further secured by Assignment of all rights, titles, interest, claims etc of the company in all the Project Documents, insurance policies, clearances, etc and ssignment of the company's rights and interests related to the Project under Letter of and future.
- b. The loan is further secured by Pledge of 51% of the equity shares of the company held by the holding company. In case fresh equity shares will be issued by the company during currency of loan than 51% of the enhanced share capital also will be pledged with the lenders to secure this term loan.
- c. The loan is further secured by Personal Gurantee of Shri B.L. Agrawal and Shri Dinesh Agrawal Promoter/director of the company.

u.		Maturity Profile (Rs.	in Crores)		
Rupee Term Loans	0-1 years 37.35	1-2 years 50.76	2-3 years 50.76	3-4 years 50.83	Beyond 4 years 339.93
6. Provisions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
		Non-cu	rrent	Curre	nt
Provision for Contributors		31.03.2016 ₹	31.03.2015	31.03.2016	31.03.2015
Provision for Gratuity (refer Provision for taxation (net)	note-26)	1,134,012	1,389,365	28,375	67,557 327,816
		1,134,012	1,389,365	28,375	395,373
7. Short-term borrowings				31.03.2016	31.03.2015
Cash Credit facility from ba	nk (Secured)		-	ξ 40.007.050	₹
The above amount includ	•		- -	40,827,956 40,827,956	
Secured borrowings				40,827,956	-

Terms & Conditions of secured loans

Cash Credit Facility from Bank is secured by hypothecation of book debts and personal guarantee of the directors of the company.

5. Other Current Liabilities	31.03.2016 ₹	31.03.2015
Trade Payables (including acceptances) (refer note 27 for details of dues for micro and small enterprises)	3,758,347	11,542,860
Creditors for Capital Goods Other liabilities	970,695	970,695
Current maturities of long-term borrowings (note 5) Interest Accured but not due on Loan Other Payables	373,542,498 53,932,109 12,139,491	498,116,000 4,832,120 18,547,086
\$\begin{pmatrix} \text{CAI FR NO. 002172c} \\ \text{RAIPUR-492001} \\ \text{P} \end{pmatrix}\$	444,343,140	534,008,761

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016

9. Tangible assets									
	Freehold Land	Freehold Land Leasehold Land	Site & Land	Factory Shed &	Plant & Machinery	Office Equipment	Furniture &	Vehicles	Total
	₩	k	¥ Spinelite		16-	h	Fixtures		
Cost or valuation At 1st April 2014	1 102 731	3 317 186	407 064 447	145 407 405					~
Additions	. 102:101	2,012,180	106,764	145,427,429	7,048,128,448 83,805,920	9,315,019	38,282,776 92,500	3,788,451 6,205,900	7,747,408,152
Other adjustments			1	1		•		785,669	785,669
- Exchange differences - Borrowing costs				1	107,398,321				107,398,321
At 31 March, 2015	1,192,731	3,312,185	497,961,117	146.603.494	7,239,332,689	9 667 204	38 375 376	0 200 602	7 045 653 375
Additions				I.	105,404,655	30,500	0/3/0/00	3,500,002	105 435 155
Other adjinstments			•	•	4,193,063	110,352		•	4,303,415
- Exchange differences	,		•	ı	64 044 013	_			
At 31 March, 2016	1,192,731	3,312,185	497.961.117	146 603 494	7 404 589 104	0 587 340	20 275 276	00000	64,044,913
Depreciation				100000000000000000000000000000000000000	1,101,000,101	5,300 r343	0/7'0/6'06	9,208,562	8,110,830,028
At 1st April ,2014	ı	280,489	•	2,111,153	185,432,424	1.739.672	1.036.336	639 857	191 239 931
Charge for the year Disposals/ Adjustment		110,406	,	16,860,895	272,180,534	2,867,736	3,735,117	995,148	296,749,836
At 31 March, 2015		200 BOE	•	40.040.040		91 974		235,920	143,946
Charge for the year		110 406		10,372,046	457,612,958	4.699.382	4.771.453	1,399,085	487,845,822
Disposals/ Adjustment	:	2	,	0*1.400,01	270,001,808	0/1/818,1	3,740,943	1,111,375	299,747,155
At 31 March, 2016	•	501.304		15 836 A0A	732 472 000	600,000	100000		520.246
Net Block				20,000,000	199,114,003	0,053,909	785'71C'9	7,510,461	787,072,730
At 31 March, 2015	1,192,731	2,921,290	497.961.117	127 631 446	6 781 719 732	4 067 810	33 603 823	7 900 507	7 457 007 77 4
At 31 March, 2016	1,192,731	2,810,884	497.961.117	110 766 999	6 671 417 10E	2 047 360	20,000,020	760,800,7	450,709,754,7
Notes:					2011	000,140,0	23,002,00,53	0,090,421	1.323,757,297

Exchange differences on the long term foreign currency monetary items.

Pusuant to the option granted by Clause 46A of the AS-11 (as amended vide notification dt. 29.12.2011), the company during the year added Rs.640.45 Lacs (31 st March 2015 Rs.1073.98 Lacs) to the cost of assets, being the exchange differences of long term foreign currency monetary items relating to acquisition of assets. This is to be depreciated over the balance of life of assets.

5	10. Intangible Assets	Computer Software
	Cost or valuation	
	At 1st April 2014	7 277 253
	Purchases/additions	002:172:1
	Disposals	
	At 31 March. 2015	7 277 253
	Additions	007: 44:
	Disposals	
	At 31 March, 2016	7 977 953
	Amortisation	
	At 1st April .2014	263 863
	Charge for the year	707 705
	At 31 March. 2015	1 001 588
	Charge for the year	707 707
	Disposals	(21.12)
	At 31 March. 2016	1 840 244
	Net Block	
	At 31 st March. 2015	6 185 RG5
	At 31 March. 2016	E 457 030
		1000 1000 T





Godawari Green Energy Limited Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016 11. Loans and advances (unsecured, considered good)

		Non-cu	ırrent	Curi	rent
	•	31.03.2016	31.03.2015	31.03.2016	31.03.2015
		₹	₹	₹	₹
	Advances paid against Capital Goods		00 405 444		
	Advances recoverable in cash or in kind Other loans and advances	-	99,195,411 -	7,529,929	20,454,378
	TDS Receivable Prepaid expenses	-	-	19,306,635 940,315	2,860,964 1,213,661
	Security deposit with govt. & others	2,352,330	1,257,013		
	Total _	2,352,330	100,452,424	27,776,879	24,529,003
	Trada Danaisaklar	•	•	•	•
4 .7	Trade Receivables			Curi	ent.
				31.03.2016	31.03.2015
				₹	₹
	Unsecured, Considered Good Outstanding for a period exceeding Six months				
	from the date they are due for payment Other Receivables			- 110,934,600	- 102,582,480
				110,534,000	102,362,460
				110,934,600	102,582,480
2.2	Other Assets	Non-cu	irrent	Curr	ent
	-	31.03.2016	31.03.2015	31.03.2016	31.03.2015
	Uncontrol considered good unless stated	₹	₹	₹	₹
	Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise				
	Non-current bank balances (note-14)	2,500,000	2,500,000		
	Interest accured on fixed deposits	403,780	198,469	3,752,980	13,910,880
	-	2,903,780	2,698,469	3,752,980	13,910,880
13.	Inventories (Valued at lower of cost and net r	ealisable value)		Curr	ent
		•		31.03.2016	31.03.2015
				₹	₹
	Stores & Spares			117,910,811	88,855,263
				117,910,811	88,855,263
14	Cash and bank balances	Non-cu	rrant	Curr	
	-	31.03.2016	31.03.2015	31.03.2016	31.03.2015
	<u>.</u>	₹	₹	₹	₹
	Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks:				
	On current accounts			1,842,698	7,221,446
	Deposits with original maturity of less than			-	116,146,615
	Cash on hand			76,463 1,919,160	106,234
				1,313,100	123,717,237
	Other bank balances				
	Deposits with original maturity of More than three months but less that the months			231,395,314	467,200,000
	Denocite with attance than two	2,500,000	2,500,000	201,090,014	467,200,000
	CAR		2,500,000	231,395,314	467,200,000
	Amount disclosed unity, hongurrent assets (not	(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)		
	A CHANGE 492002		-	233,314,474	590,674,294
	Fixed Deposite any egating to Rs 2.25 crore are crores marked with Patrician Red Service R	e pledged with ba	nk for availing Ba	ank Guarantee. Fu	urther Rs.23.14

15. Revenue from operations	31.03.2016 ₹	31.03.2015 ₹
Sale of Products		
Electricity Less : Rebate & Discount	1,053,762,800 14,994,532	1,052,018,200 20,166,885
	1,038,768,268	1,031,851,315
16. Other Income	31.03.2016 ₹	31.03.2015 ₹
Interest Income		
Bank Deposits	31,522,029	22,222,463
Other Income	667,250	1,022,903
	32,189,279	23,245,366
7. Employee benefit expense		
	31.03.2016	31.03.2015
	₹	₹
Salaries, Wages and Bonus	44,077,296	59,204,261
Contribution to provident and other fund	1,773,983	2,048,640
Gratuity Expenses	2,195,647	740,202
Workmen and staff welfare expenses	4,089,011	6,649,175
	52,135,937	68,642,278
18. Other Expenses	31.03.2016	31.03.2015
	₹	₹
Consumption of Stores, Spares & Consumables	12,125,685	36,282,202
Power & Fuel	2,178,918	9,098,701
Other Manufacturing Expenses	7,085,074	10,100,006
Rent Rates & Taxes	1,639,000	1,804,644
- Entry Tax	1,373,490	5,160,272
- Duty & Taxes	, . •	2,597,639
Insurance	2,308,070	2,867,015
Repairs & Maintenance		
- Plant & Machinery	3,038,908	6,470,369
- Others	1,121,791	1,841,963
Travelling Expenses	3,433,626	12,619,067
Communication Expenses	1,424,160	2,246,920
Printing and Stationery	110,660	202,932
Legal & Professional Fee	6,704,904	8,708,071
Directors Sitting Fee	69,334	93,256
Director's Remuneration	8,046,924	12,602,386
Payment to Auditor	312,158	388,768
Freight & Clearing Charges	263,061	631,454
Publicity & Branding	· <u>-</u>	949,422
Restoration Work Fire	-	1,210,160
Security Service Charges	1,650,507	1,482,095
Corporate Social Responsibility	43,568	322,287
Loss on sale of fixed assets	9,903	112,749
Sundry Balances written off	(34,242)	35,886,873
Miscellaneous Exp.	3,592,733	7,548,194
	56,498,232	161,227,445
Payment to Auditor As auditor: Audit fee Top Audit	31.03.2016 ₹	31.03.2015 ₹
As auditor:		
Audit fee August 10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	229,000	224,720
Tax Audit	57,250	56,180
In other capacity Taxation matters	22,472	78,652
Other services	3,436	29,216

19. Depreciation and amortization expense	1	
	31.03.2016 ₹	31.03.2015 ₹
Depreciation on tangible assets	299,747,155	296,749,837
Amortization of Intangible assets	727,725	727,725
	300,474,880	297,477,563
20. Finance Costs		
	31.03.2016	31.03.2015
	₹	₹
Interest		
- on Term Loan	607,731,237	441,806,706
- on cash credit facility	249,855	-
- on others including overdraft facility	5,908,957	10,815,831
Bank charges	15,135,334	37,036,880
	629,025,383	489,659,417
21. Earnings per share (EPS)		
	31.03.2016	31.03.2015
Net profit/(loss) as per statement of profit and loss	₹	₹
Net profit/(loss) for calculation of basic EPS & Diluted EPS	26,130,860	30,469,031
	26,130,860	30,469,031
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating Basic EPS	_0,100,000	55, 155,551
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating Diluted EPS	14,740,000 14,740,000	14,596,468 14,596,468
Basic & Diluted EPS	14,740,000	14,090,400
- Basic earning per share		
- Diluted earning per share	1.77	2.09
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.77	2.09
		2.00



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016

- 22. Contingent liability has not been provided for in respect of:
 - i) Cumulative Dividend of Rs.18.90 lacs (Previous year Rs.9.45 lacs) on 10500000 (10500000) 9% Optionally Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs.100/- Each.
 - ii) Counter Guarantees given to banks against Bank Guarantees issued by the company banker aggregate to Rs.25 Lacs (Previous year Rs.25 Lacs).
 - iii) During the year, the Income Tax Department has conducted a search operation in office premises of the company on 29.07.2015 u/s132 of the Income Tax Act,1961. During the course of search various documents and records have been seized by them. The company does not forsee any liability at this stage, however the due provision of liability, if any, shall be made after completion of the block assessment.
- 23. At the end of year the Company does not have any foreign currency exposure. Further during the previous year the company has hedged the foreign currency exposure Rs.22721.87 lacs through an alternative hedging mechanism approved by the lenders of the Company (i.e. building adequate foreign currency fluctuation reserve in the form of FDR's) as against the standard hedging options like forwards & derivatives.
- 24. In the opinion of the Board, the value of realisation of long term and short term loans & advances and non-current and current assets in the ordinary course of business will not be less than the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet.
- 25. Information on Related Party as required by Accounting Standard-18, "Related Party Disclosures" issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, are given below:

Related Parties

Holding Company

Godawari Power & Ispat Limited

Key Management Personnel

- -- Shri Siddharth Agrawal
- -- Shri Dinesh Gandhi
- -- Shri Sudeep Chakraborty (resigned on 30.09.2015)
- -- Shri Vinay Shandilya (appointed on 06.11.2015)

Transaction with Related Parties in the ordinary course of business

		31.03.2016 : Rs. in lacs	31.03.2015 Rs. in lacs
Holding Company	Loan Received	-	1,048.00
	Loan Repaid	-	1,740.91
	Purchase of Capital Goods	-	11.07
	Sale of Capital Goods	38.09	-
	Interest Paid	- []	64.24
	Outstanding at the end of the year		
	Account receivable	36.75	
Key Management Personnel	Director Remuneration paid	80.47	126.02
	Deposit Given Rent Paid	10.00 3.60	-

	2016	2015
oan Received	Rs. in lacs	Rs. in lacs
Godawari Power & Ispat Limited		1.048.00
oan Repaid		
Godawari Power & Ispat Limited	<u>- I</u>	1.740.91
Deposit Given		
Shri Dinesh Gandhi	10.00	-
Rent Paid	1	
Shri Dinesh Gandhi	3.60	-
Purchase of capital goods Sodawari Power & Ispat Limited (R.R. Ispat)		
Godawari Power & Ispat Limited (R.R. Ispat)	- 1	11.07
Sale of capital goods	\ <u>'&\</u>	
Godawari Power & Ispat Limited A CAIFR NO. 002172	38.09	-
nterest Paid	1)0	
Godawari Power & Ispat Limited	161 _ I	64.24

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016

Remuneration		
Shri Siddharth Agrawal	36.00	48.00
Shri Dinesh Gandhi	36.29	49.80
Shri J.P.Tiwari	-	8.48
Shri Sudeep Chakraborty	8.18	19.75

26. Gratuity and other Post - Employment Benefit Plans

The Company has a defined gratuity benefit plan. Gratuity is computed as 15 days salary, for every completed year of service or part thereof in excess of 6 months and is payable on retirement/termination/resignation. The benefit vests on the employees after completion of 5 years of service. The Gratuity liability has not been externally funded. Company makes provision of such gratuity liability in the books of account on the basis of actuarial valuation as per the Projected unit credit method.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss and the unfunded status and amounts recognized in the balance sheet for the Gratuity.

Statement of Profit and Loss	Rs. in lacs	Rs. in lacs
Net employee benefit expense (recognized in Employee Cost)	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Current Service cost	3.28	5.88
Interest cost on benefit obligation	1.05	0.98
Net actuarial loss recognised in the year	(7.28)	0.54
Actual return on plan assets	(2.95)	7.40

Balance Sheet

Details of provision for Gratuity	Rs. in lacs	Rs. in lacs
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Defined benefit obligation	11.62	14.57
Fair value of plan assets	0.00	0.00
t L	11.62	14.57
Less : Unrecognised past service cost	0.00	0.00
Plan liability	11.62	14.57

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Defined benefit obligation as at April 1, 2015	14.57	7.17
Interest cost	3.28	5.88
Current Service Cost	1.05	0.98
Actuarial losses on obligation	(7.28)	0.54
Defined benefit obligation as at March 31, 2016	11.62	14.57

Since the entire amount of plan obligation is unfunded therefore changes in the fair value of plan assets are not given. Further the entire amount of plan in unfunded therefore categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets and company's expected contribution to the plan assets in the next year is not given.

The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity benefit obligations for the company's plans are shown below:

	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Discount Rate	8.00%	8.25%
Increase in Compesation Cost	6%	5%
Rate of Return on plan assets	0%	0%
Expected average remaining working lives of employee (year)	25.85	24.95

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, taken account of inflation, seniority, promotion

Contribution to defined contribution plans :	Rs. in lacs	Rs. in lacs
Particulars	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Provident Fund	17.74	20.49



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016

27. The company has taken steps for getting the required informations but none of the suppliers has provided information about their being Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act,2006 (MSMED Act) as at 31st March,2016. Therefore no details could be disclosed as required.

				Rs Rs	s. In lacs
28.	Stores Consumed	2015-16		2014-15	
	Indiaenous Imported	95.77% 4.23%	116.13 5.13	95.78% 4.22%	347.50 15.32
		100%	121.26	100%	362.82

29.	Expenditure in Foreign Currency	2015-16	2014-15
	- CIF Value of Capital Goods and Stores & spares	-	5.66
	- For Consultancy & Other Charges	-	14.59
	- For Travelling & other Services	-	6.71
	- For Registration Fees		7.00

Previous year figures have been regrouped or rearranged wherever necessary. 30.

For OPSinghania & Co. (Firm Regn.No.002172C)

Chartered Accountants,

Sanjay Singhahia Partner

Membership No.076961

Place: Raipur Date: 07.05.2016 Siddharth Agrawal

Managing Director

Dinesh Gandhi **Executive Director & CFO**

Wilharing. Niharika Verma Company Secretary

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Godawari Green Energy Limited

